## Question of the Week

I would like information about rain barrels and their installation please. There are many pros to having a rain barrel...

## A very old concept!

## Recorded history of water collection systems dates back over 3300 years old.

Water is necessary for existence and the collection of it is not new. It may be a pot, a barrel, a cistern, a depression in the ground water collection is important.

- Used as a method to collect water when it is available and store it for use at a later date.
- Orginally for survival and a way to serve a city.
- Now as a way to conserve water resources.
- The difference between a cistern and a rain barrel is the size and capacity for storing water.



## How Do Rain Barrells Work? <br> Gravity!



- Can be heavy-duty plastic, ceramic or wood
- Usually available at local garden centers as a lit
- May also make your own by using food-grade plastic containers
- Sizes depend upon your need, but typically 30-55 gallons will suffice for the average homeowner

Rain Barrels are basically a watertight container of varying material that have a screened opening at the top for water to enter the container and a spout or spigot at the bottom to allow the collected water to be drawn out.

## How they work:

- Rain hits the roof and is directed to the gutters and downspouts
- The water flows from the downspout into the barrel either directly or through a diverter
- Rain is collected over time until the barrel is filled and excess water is sent through an overflow valve
- A spigot is used to drain water into a hose or watering container
- The overflow valve can be connected to additional barrels to increase overall capacity


## Not much!



All that is needed is a level place to set your barrel that is adjacent to a downspout.

- Barrel sizes vary from 20-55+ gallons
- Typical full size (55 gallon) barrels measure 22-28" in diameter and are between 32" and 36" tall
- Some manufacturers offer 'half barrels' that fit flush against a wall to conserve space
- Some ceramic containers are shaped like urns to add to the aesthetic appeal

As a general rule, for every inch of rain that falls on a 1000 sq ft area, up to 600 gallons of rainwater can be collected - so you can
 start with just one barrel and expand over time

Water from rain barrels has pluses!

## In addition to being good for the environment and

 your pocket book, the other benefits are many.

## Untreated it has many uses. For example;

- less use of municipal water supplies
- reduce water bills
- can use the stored water during a drought
- water your garden
- fill a pool, pond, or other water feature
- for outdoor cleaning
- wash your vehicle
- water indoor plants


## If treated it has many other uses as well;

- cleaning, laundry, toliet flushing
- showers
- cooking



## The rain barrel if it freezes may expand and crack,

 maintence is best performed before heavy freeze or deep winter.Late fall is a good time to winterize your rain barrel.

- It is best stored in a garage or shed, or upside down if outside.
- Drain the barrel completely and remove all debris
- Scrub the inside of the barrel and rinse with clean water.
- Without a rain barrel in place, you'll want to attach a temporary extension to your downspout to direct any snowmelt or early rains away from your house and sidewalks.


A field trip to see a practical application!

## The Vegetable Garden on our campus is

 irrigated with our rainwater harvesting system.

You can see this at our demonstration gardens.
https://fbmg.org/
https://fbmg.org/demonstration-gardens/vegetable-garden-fall/

## Instructions are available in PDF format from Texas A\&゙M

https: //hlhw.tamu.edu/media/1007/making-a-rain-barrel.pdf


Additional informative pdfs are available as well.
https://travis-tx.tamu.edu/files/2020/08/Build_Your_Own_Rain_Barrel_2016-09.pdf howto-rain-barrels-aug2021_0.pdf


